

Capsule Summary

Inventory No. CARR-844

Linwood Homestead
110 Stem Rd.
Carroll County, MD
1750s-present
Access: Private

Linwood Homestead is located between Stem Road to the north and the village of Linwood on Green Valley Road to the south, northeast of Union Bridge. The brick bank barn standing at the edge of Stem Road and the two-story brick house to the southwest form the core of this farm. Outbuildings of primarily timber frame construction include a wagon shed, summer kitchen, chicken house, and spring house. A brick root cellar, a limestone quarry and lime kiln, and a pond contribute to the farmstead.

Linwood Homestead, named for the farm's linden trees, has remained in the Haines family since it was patented by English Quaker Joseph Haines of Chester County, PA, in the 1750s. This is one of the oldest farms continuously operated by one family, in this case for nearly a quarter of a millennium, in Carroll County. Joseph's grandson William built the fine brick house on the tract "Wood's Gain" in 1800. The barn with its unusual stone pillars predates the house, standing as one of the oldest brick barns in the county. Several significant outbuildings complete the farmstead. William's son Reuben, a member of the board of directors of the Western Maryland Railroad, was instrumental in creating the railroad's route through the south end of his farm, where the village of Linwood was subsequently established. Reuben's son Joseph L. Haines was a civil engineer who supervised the construction of the railroad. The operation of a limestone

CARR-844

quarry and lime kiln as well as the use of a water ram were significant industrial and engineering developments at Linwood Homestead.

Inventory No. CARR-844

1. Name of Property (indicate preferred name)

historic	Linwood Homestead (pref.)	(MIHP update)
other	Woods Gain (original tract)	

2. Location

street and number	110 Stem Road		not for publication
city, town	Union Bridge	<u>X</u>	vicinity
county	Carroll		

3. Owner of Property (gives names and mailing addresses of all owners)

name	John Lewis and Sylvia R. Haines				
street and number	110 Stem Road			Telephone	
city, town	Union Bridge	state	MD	zip code	21791

4. Location of Legal Description

courthouse, registry of deeds, etc.	Carroll Co.			liber	1009	folio	490
city, town	Westminster	tax map	43	tax parcel	299	tax ID number	Unknown

5. Primary Location of Additional Data

<input type="checkbox"/>	Contributing Resource in National Register District
<input type="checkbox"/>	Contributing Resource in Local Historic District
<input type="checkbox"/>	Determined Eligible for the National Register/Maryland Register
<input type="checkbox"/>	Determined Ineligible for the National Register/Maryland Register
<input type="checkbox"/>	Recorded by HABS/HAER
<input type="checkbox"/>	Historic Structure Report or Research Report at MHT
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Other: MIHP

6. Classification

Category		Ownership		Current Function		Resource Count				
<input type="checkbox"/>	district	<input type="checkbox"/>	public	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	agriculture	<input type="checkbox"/>	landscape	<input type="text" value="Contributing"/>	<input type="text" value="Noncontributing"/>	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	building(s)	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	private	<input type="checkbox"/>	commerce/trade	<input type="checkbox"/>	recreation/culture	<input type="text" value="7"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>	buildings
<input type="checkbox"/>	structure	<input type="checkbox"/>	both	<input type="checkbox"/>	Defense	<input type="checkbox"/>	religion	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	sites
<input type="checkbox"/>	site			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	domestic	<input type="checkbox"/>	social	<input type="text" value="1"/>	<input type="text"/>	structures
<input type="checkbox"/>	object			<input type="checkbox"/>	education	<input type="checkbox"/>	transportation	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	objects
				<input type="checkbox"/>	Funerary	<input type="checkbox"/>	work in progress	<input type="text" value="8"/>	<input type="text" value="0"/>	Total
				<input type="checkbox"/>	government	<input type="checkbox"/>	unknown			
				<input type="checkbox"/>	health care	<input type="checkbox"/>	vacant/not in use			
				<input type="checkbox"/>	Industry	<input type="checkbox"/>	other:			
								Number of Contributing Resources previously listed in the Inventory		
								8		

7. Description

Inventory No. CARR-844

Condition

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> excellent	<input type="checkbox"/> deteriorated
<input type="checkbox"/> good	<input type="checkbox"/> ruins
<input type="checkbox"/> fair	<input type="checkbox"/> altered

Prepare both a one paragraph summary and a comprehensive description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

Summary:

Linwood Homestead is located between Stem Road to the north and the village of Linwood on Green Valley Road to the south, northeast of Union Bridge. The brick bank barn standing at the edge of Stem Road and the two-story brick house to the southwest form the core of this farm. Outbuildings of primarily timber frame construction include a wagon shed, summer kitchen, chicken house, and spring house. A brick root cellar, a limestone quarry and lime kiln, and a pond contribute to the farmstead.

Description:

Linwood Homestead is located northeast of Union Bridge, at the northern edge of the small railroad village of Linwood on Green Valley Road. The two-story brick farmhouse faces Stem Road which provides access a few hundred yards to the north. Wolf Pit Branch flows through the western and southern side of the property, and into Little Pipe Creek near Linwood. The farm sits on gently rolling terrain.

The farm buildings are ranged mainly east of the house. The brick bank barn stands at the edge of Stem Road. Several predominately timber frame dependencies found consecutively to the south are a wagon shed, summer kitchen, chicken house, and spring house. South of the house two short brick ventilation shafts indicate the presence of an underground root cellar, or "cave". A farm pond filled by Wolf Pit Branch stands in the meadow to the south. A limestone quarry and lime kiln are located at the southern boundary of the property.

The circa 1800 five-bay farmhouse features a central entrance. In the early 19th century the house was expanded with a two-bay ell extending southward from the west end of the rear. This ell connected a previously freestanding brick kitchen which may have predated the main house. This part has recently been rebuilt as a modern brick section comprising a garage and an apartment. A hip-roofed porch shelters the main façade and an inset galleried porch covers the ell's east elevation.

The modified Georgian floor plan of the main house is composed of two rooms with corner fireplaces to the east and one long room with a fireplace to the west. The smaller southeast parlor's mantel is built with three gougework panels and ovolo trim. This room also retains a bolection molded chair rail. The stairway features a turned newel post and balusters and step ends cut with swirls and a flower-like figure. Several doors are constructed with deep panels. Most of the dwelling's other woodwork appears to date from later in the early 19th century. The radiators were hand-built by one of Mr. Haines' ancestors who worked in plumbing.

The roof is constructed with hewn square rafters mortise-tenon-pegged at the apex. Sawn collar beams brace the rafters with a pegged dovetail joint. Several rafters at the east end are

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charred and reinforced with timbers nailed alongside. This illustrates John Lewis Haines' family story that part of the roof was rebuilt after a fire in the 1800's.

The house stands on a fieldstone cellar. The façade was laid in Flemish bond while the other walls were laid in 5:1 common bond masonry. Jack arches surmount the 6/6 windows, which are flanked by louvered shutters. Small segmental relieving arches over the cellar vents resemble those of the barn. The interior of the cellar was not examined for this report.

A brick chimney rises from either end of the building. Either end of the attic has a four-pane window and a louvered vent. The roof of the house is covered with metal, as are the roofs of most of the other farm buildings.

A brick one-story room set on a stone foundation was added to the south end of the east elevation in the late 19th century. It is topped by an original second-story sunroom of wood frame construction. A small frame section was later added to the north end of the brick room, which is now used as a kitchen. A modern set of brick steps shaded by a shed roof leads to the kitchen's south entrance. A cellar entrance is located west of the steps.

The walls of the ell are whitewashed under the eastern galleried porch. The upper balustrade has turned balusters while the lower one has square balusters and chamfered posts. A set of steps at the south end leads into the modern addition. A small dormer window is located on the eastern roof slope of the ell.

The brick barn stands on a stone foundation. The bank barn's forebay faces east. This overshoot is supported by five round stone columns. The lower wall has been partially rebuilt. Most of the brickwork is laid in 3:1 common bond but the south end, facing the house, is laid in Flemish bond. Two hourglass patterns ventilate either end of the structure. Two doors and a small window, all surmounted by arches constructed with headers, open into the lower south elevation.

A frame outshoot underpinned by a stone cellar adjoins the south end of the west elevation. Two concrete silos stand on this side of the barn. Small windows lighting the barn's lower level on the north side and at the north end of the west side have window heads of headers set on end. The original horizontal bars have been replaced with four-pane windows.

The barn's hewn frame is braced and set with barn ladders. The central threshing floor has a hay mow at either end. The exterior frame areas have been covered with aluminum barn siding.

A stone wall extends from the east end of the barn, running along Stem Road. A concrete block loafing shed is also located here.

The wagon shed stands on stone piers. It has a north-south axis with a southern entrance and corncrib sides. Two series of bents near the shed's center form an odd 4' wide section of unknown use. The hewn timber frame is heavily braced. All joints bear chiseled Roman numerals. The shed appears to be of early construction. Shed-roofed additions adjoin the east, west, and north elevations.

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The two-story summer kitchen has two one-story shed-roofed additions: a garage attached to the east side and a section standing on a stone foundation adjoining the south side. The three-bay outbuilding's entrance is located in the center of the west side. A brick chimney rises in the north end. The summer kitchen's windows have 2/2 sash. Aluminum siding sheathes the building. The interior of this building and the following outbuildings was not accessible.

The shed-roofed chicken house faces south. A small pent roof runs along this side. The building stands on a stone foundation and is covered with vertical board siding.

The one-story springhouse has small additions on the northeast and southwest corners. The two-bay building is covered with German siding. The spring overflow runs to Wolf Pit Branch to the south. The line of a channel carrying water from the creek to the springhouse is visible to the northwest. This provided power to a ram pumping spring water to the house.

The Linwood Homestead buildings have been well maintained by the Haines family and continue in use on the farm.

8. Significance

Inventory No. CARR-844

Period	Areas of Significance	Check and justify below
<input type="checkbox"/> 1600-1699	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> agriculture	<input type="checkbox"/> economics <input type="checkbox"/> health/medicine <input type="checkbox"/> performing arts
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1700-1799	<input type="checkbox"/> archeology	<input type="checkbox"/> education <input type="checkbox"/> industry <input type="checkbox"/> philosophy
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1800-1899	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> architecture	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> engineering <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> invention <input type="checkbox"/> politics/government
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1900-1999	<input type="checkbox"/> art	<input type="checkbox"/> entertainment/ <input type="checkbox"/> landscape architecture <input type="checkbox"/> religion
<input type="checkbox"/> 2000-	<input type="checkbox"/> commerce	<input type="checkbox"/> recreation <input type="checkbox"/> law <input type="checkbox"/> science
	<input type="checkbox"/> communications	<input type="checkbox"/> ethnic heritage <input type="checkbox"/> literature <input type="checkbox"/> social history
	<input type="checkbox"/> community planning	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> exploration/ <input type="checkbox"/> maritime history <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> transportation
	<input type="checkbox"/> conservation	<input type="checkbox"/> settlement <input type="checkbox"/> military <input type="checkbox"/> other: _____
Specific dates	1750s-present	Architect/Builder Unknown
Construction dates	Circa 1795 (barn); 1800 (house)	

Evaluation for:

☐ National Register ☐ Maryland Register ☒ not evaluated

Prepare a one-paragraph summary statement of significance addressing applicable criteria, followed by a narrative discussion of the history of the resource and its context. (For compliance projects, complete evaluation on a DOE Form – see manual.)

Summary:

Linwood Homestead, named for the farm's linden trees, has remained in the Haines family since it was patented by English Quaker Joseph Haines of Chester County, PA, in the 1750s. This is one of the oldest farms continuously operated by one family, in this case for nearly a quarter of a millennium, in Carroll County. Joseph's grandson William built the fine brick house on the tract "Wood's Gain" in 1800. The barn with its unusual stone pillars predates the house, standing as one of the oldest brick barns in the county. Several significant outbuildings complete the farmstead. William's son Reuben, a member of the board of directors of the Western Maryland Railroad, was instrumental in creating the railroad's route through the south end of his farm, where the village of Linwood was subsequently established. Reuben's son Joseph L. Haines was a civil engineer who supervised the construction of the railroad. The operation of a limestone quarry and lime kiln as well as the use of a water ram were significant industrial and engineering developments at Linwood Homestead.

Significance:

Linwood Homestead was named for large linden trees found on the property. The original tract was named "Woods Gain," patented by Joseph Haines (1682-1763) in the 1750s. Several additional tracts were patented and the farm remains in the Haines family. Joseph was the Chester County, PA, son of Quaker immigrant Richard Haines. Joseph's two sons Nathan (1735-1802) and Daniel settled on sections of their father's land. Nathan, who married Sophia Price in 1755, moved to the property in 1756. Daniel arrived in 1762. The tracts eventually included "Cornwell", "Resurvey on Pleasant Grove", "Resurvey on Haines' Inheritance", "Rockland", "Susan's Fancy" and "Woods Gain", among others. Daniel's 1762 brick house (CARR-256) still stands on an adjoining farm, north of Stem Road.¹

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Nathan's son William (1762-1830) was taxed in 1798 for the 177-acre tract "Resurvey on Woods Gain" with a log house and brick barn.² Thus Linwood Homestead's barn appears to date from the 1790's. William, who married Esther Edmundson, replaced the log house with the extant brick residence in about 1800-1804. Although it has been stated that the house burned and was rebuilt, Haines family members had told current owner John Lewis Haines that just the roof burned and was repaired. The charred, repaired rafters verify this account.³

William and Esther Haines raised seven children on the farm. When Haines died in late December, 1830, he left "my Farm, whereon I now live, known by the name of Woods gain, containing about one hundred and eighty two acres" to sons Ephraim and Nathan. Sons Stephen and Reuben were given the farm "Baer Garden". John, William's fifth son, was given a half share in the farm "The Breeches (sic), purchased of John Williams". William Haines' sons were directed to "continue to keep a joint stock of cattle, horses, and all other kinds of stock...and of cash, goods, and chattels, and ... to make repairs, or put up buildings". Esther was to have "a room in the house, and the free use & privilege of the Kitchen and Spring house, with fire wood, two cows, and two or three hogs, and One hundred dollars" per year. Substantial legacies to daughters Sarah, wife of William Biggs, and Ruth indicate that William Haines was a wealthy man. Ephraim and Stephen were named executors of Haines' will. Reuben Haines signed as a witness.⁴

Reuben Haines (1804-1885) purchased his father's farm from his brothers Ephraim and Nathan for \$2,000 in August of 1831.⁵ Haines and his wife Sarah Lippincott of New Jersey were members of the Society of Friends. Reuben served on the first Board of Directors of the Baltimore, Carroll, and Frederick Railroad in 1852. The next year the railroad's name was changed to the Western Maryland Railroad. Reuben's brother Nathan joined the board and served as the railroad's president in 1856 and 1861. The Haines brothers raised substantial sums of money to build the railroad and after some debate the route through the south end of the Haines property was chosen. Reuben took advantage of his privilege of a railroad siding and erected two warehouses at the site, which developed as the village of Linwood. His son Joseph Lippincott Haines was a civil engineer who supervised the construction of the railroad. The line was completed to Union Bridge in 1862.⁶ The Linwood Homestead limestone quarry and lime kiln were located in close proximity to the railroad line.

Reuben and Sarah Haines built a stylish new home high on a hill diagonally across Stem Road to the northwest in the 1860s. "Forest Home" (CARR-257) apparently was built on the previously undeveloped 100-acre tract "Susan's Fancy" which was included in William Haines' 1798 tax assessment and 1824/31 will, as well as in Reuben Haines' 1831 deed. This residence was built with limestone from the Linwood Homestead quarry.

Joseph L. Haines (1837-1906) and his wife Elizabeth M. Lupton of Virginia purchased Linwood Homestead from his father through a series of deeds from 1869 through 1884.⁷ In the 1880 U.S. Census the Haines household consisted of Joseph L. (43), "farmer", Lizzie L. (42), their five children aged 3 through 18, and Nettie Jackson (17), a "mulatto servant". Reuben

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Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form

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Name Linwood Homestead
Continuation Sheet

Number 8 Page 2

Haines was described as a "retired farmer" who lived with his 55-year-old second wife Hannah Englar and John Jackson (17) "laborer" and Alice Key (18), "servant", both listed as mulatto.

Linwood Homestead descended to Joseph L. Haines, Jr., son of Haines Sr. and his second wife Susanna. Joseph Haines Jr.'s son John Lewis Haines and his wife Sylvia now own the farm. Although the fields were planted this year they may be entered in an agricultural set-aside program in the near future, ending 250 years of active cultivation.

Linwood Homestead is of exceptional historical significance due to its longtime ownership by a family of early settlers in the area. Each generation contributed to the development of agriculture, industry, and/or transportation in the region. Five significant Haines family sites surround the farm.

The farm's buildings represent a century of agrarian architecture from circa 1795 through the late 1800's. The barn is one of the oldest brick barns in Carroll County. Its unusual stone pillars may derive from similar examples located in Chester Co., Pennsylvania, the Haines family's ancestral home.⁸ The use of Flemish bond brickwork in barns is also uncommon. The wagon shed's fine joinery is especially noteworthy, signifying construction that may date from the late 18th or early 19th century. The operation of a limestone quarry and lime kiln, as well as the use of a water ram, were significant industrial and engineering developments at Linwood Homestead. The brick house is an excellent example of its type.

9. Major Bibliographical References

Inventory No. CARR-844

Frederick Co. MD Land Records and Wills.

Carroll Co. MD Land Records and Wills.

Getty, Joe. Carroll's Heritage. Westminster, MD: Co. Commissioners Carroll Co. & Historical Society of Carroll Co., 1987.

Horvath, George J. Jr. The Particular Assessment Lists for Baltimore and Carroll Counties 1798. Silver Spring, MD: Family Line Publications, 1986.

Lee, Carol. Legacy of the Land. Westminster, MD: Carroll Co. Commissioners, 1982.

Scharf, J. Thomas. History of Western Maryland. Philadelphia: Lewis H. Everts, 1882.

Tracey, Arthur G. Notes on Early Maryland Land Patents: Historical Society of Carroll Co., Westminster, MD.

10. Geographical Data

Acreage of surveyed property 85.15 acres

Acreage of historical setting 20 acres

Quadrangle name Union Bridge

Quadrangle scale 1:24,000

Verbal boundary description and justification

The surveyed property is described in Carroll Co. Land Records 1009/490.

11. Form Prepared by

name/title Merry Stinson, Architectural Historian.

organization Paula S. Reed & Associates, Inc.

street & number 105 N. Potomac Street

city or town Hagerstown

date June, 2003

telephone 301-739-2070

state Maryland

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to: Maryland Historical Trust
DHCD/DHCP
100 Community Place
Crownsville, MD 21032-2023
410-514-7600

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Name Linwood Homestead
Continuation Sheet

Number 9 Page 1

¹ Joe Getty, Carroll's Heritage, (Westminster, MD: Carroll Co. Commissioners and Historical Society of Carroll Co., 1987), pp.12-13.

² George Horvath Jr., The Particular Assessment Lists for Baltimore and Carroll Counties, 1798, (Silver Spring, MD: Family Line Publications, 1986).

³ Carol Lee, Legacy of the Land, (Westminster, MD: Carroll Co. Commissioners, 1982), pp.4-5.

Also, interview with John Lewis Haines, May, 2003.

⁴ Frederick Co. Wills, GME1/195-197, 1831.

⁵ Frederick Co. Land Records JS36/513, 1831.

⁶ National Register of Historic Places Nomination Form, CARR-158 Linwood Historic District, Joe Getty, 1980.

⁷ Carroll Co. Land Records JBB37/119, 1869, and FTS61/345-349, 1884.

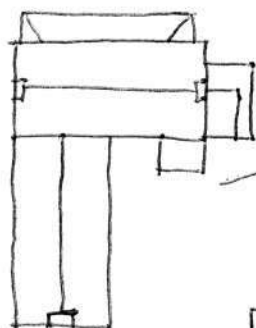
⁸ Eric Arthur and Dudley Witney, The Barn, (Greenwich, CT: New York Graphic Society Ltd., 1972), pp. 96-97.

Stem Road

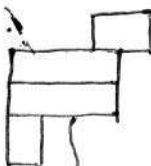
Site Plan

A
N

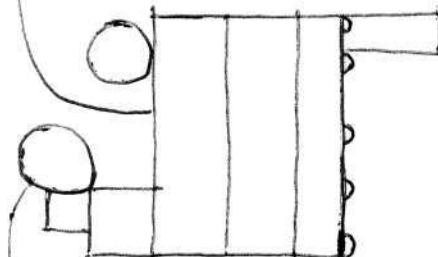
house



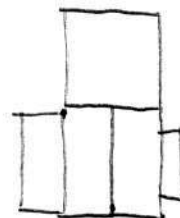
root cellar



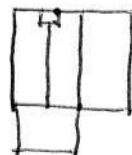
barn



stone wall



wagon shed

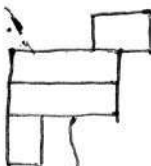


summer kitchen



chicken house

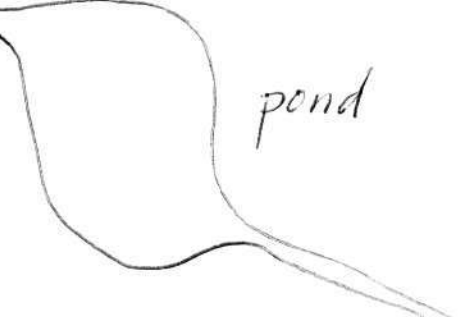
spring house

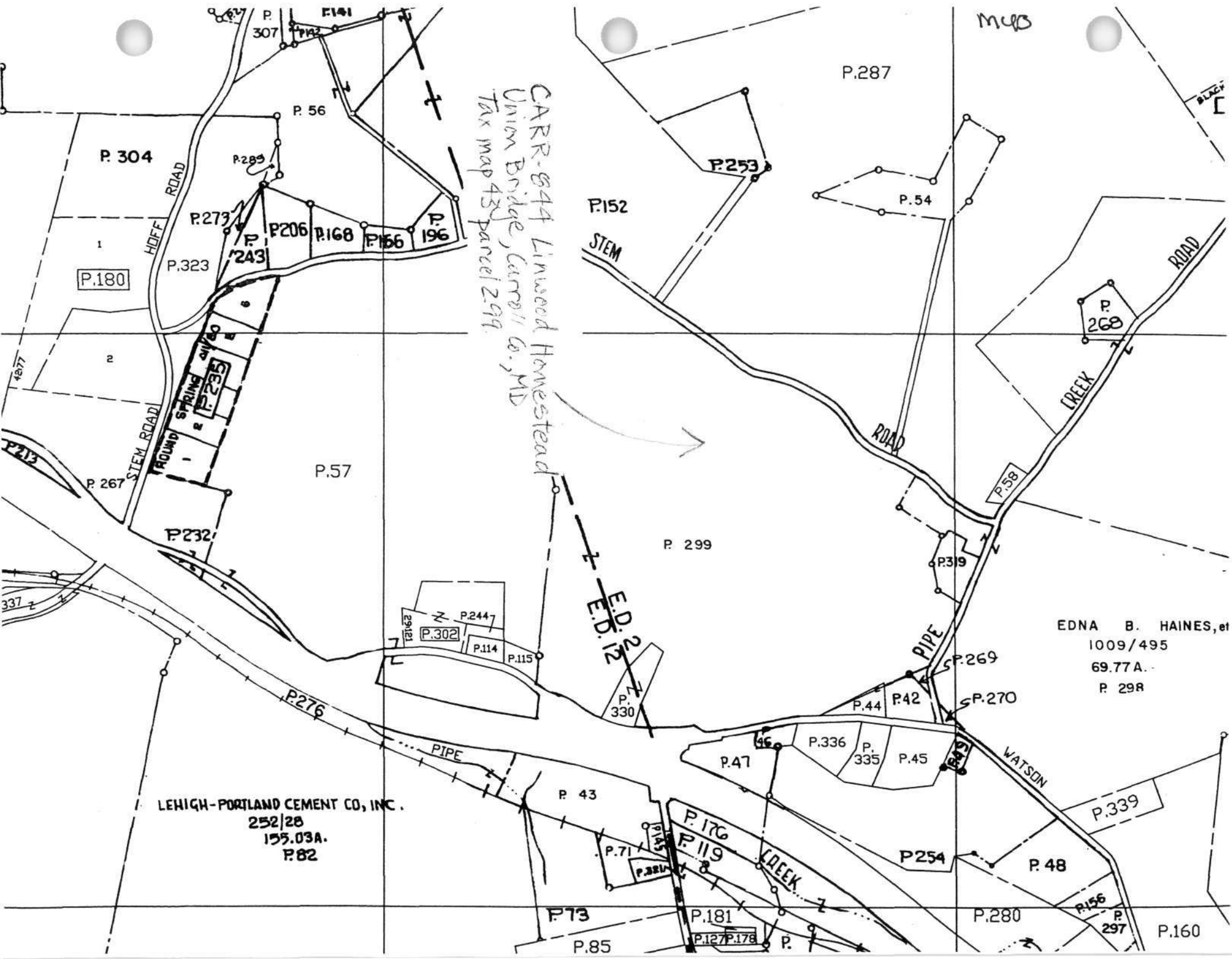


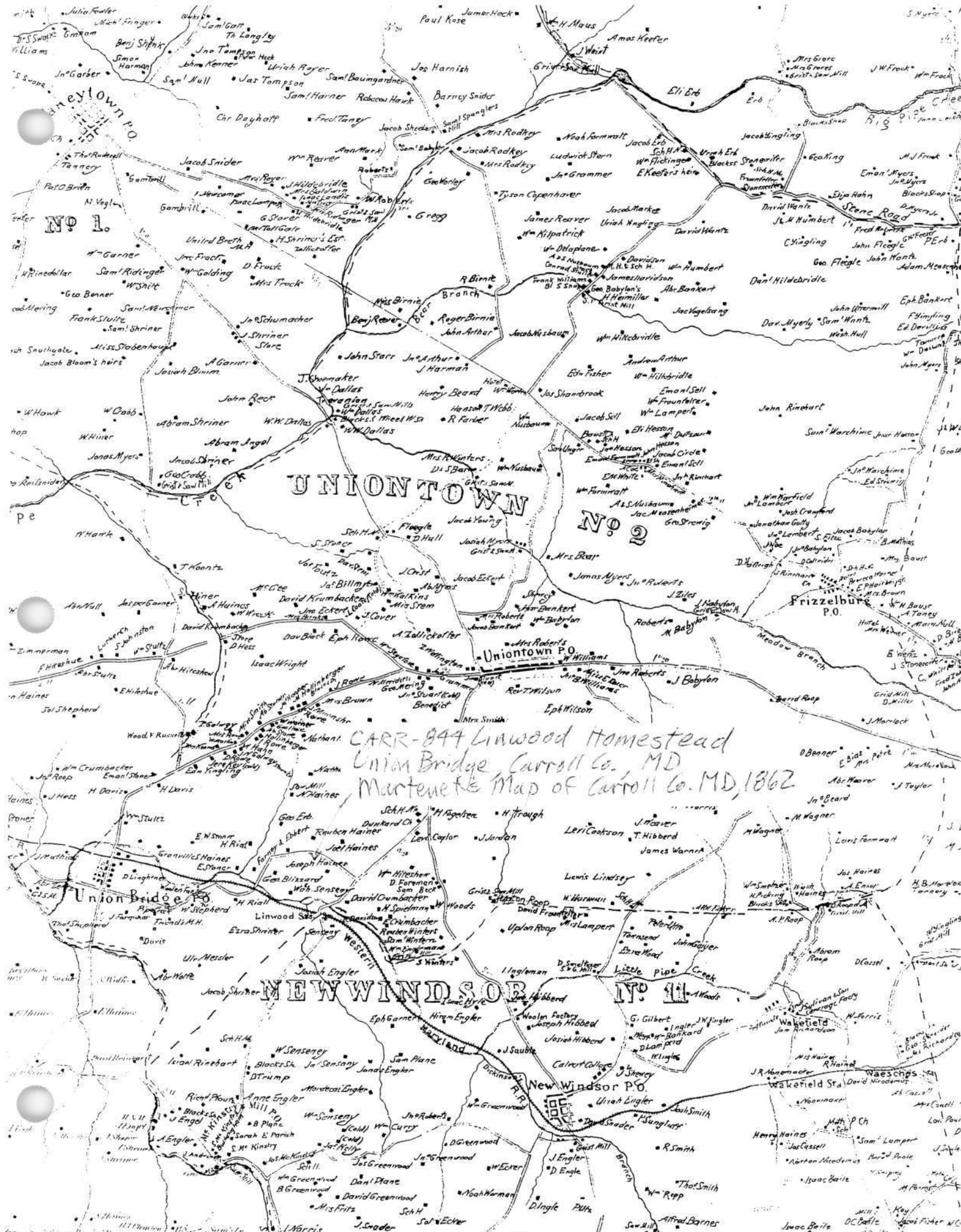
Wolf Pit Branch

CARR-844
Linwood Homestead
Merry Stinson June 2003

pond







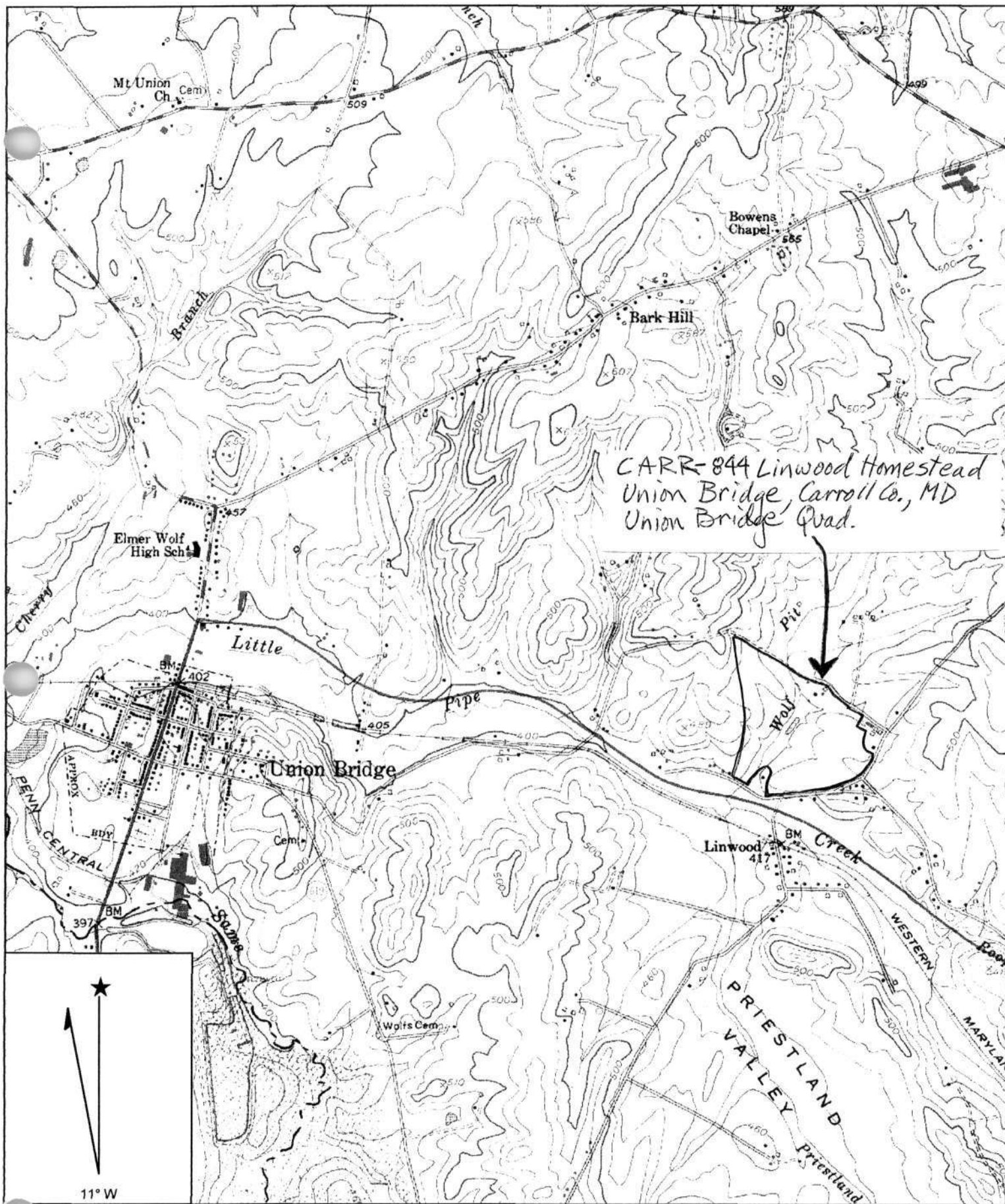
UNIONTOWN

No 2

CARR-844 Linwood Homestead
Union Bridge Carroll Co. MD
Martenets Map of Carroll Co. MD, 1862

NEW WINDSOR

No 11



Name: UNION BRIDGE
 Date: 7/7/2003
 Scale: 1 inch equals 2000 feet

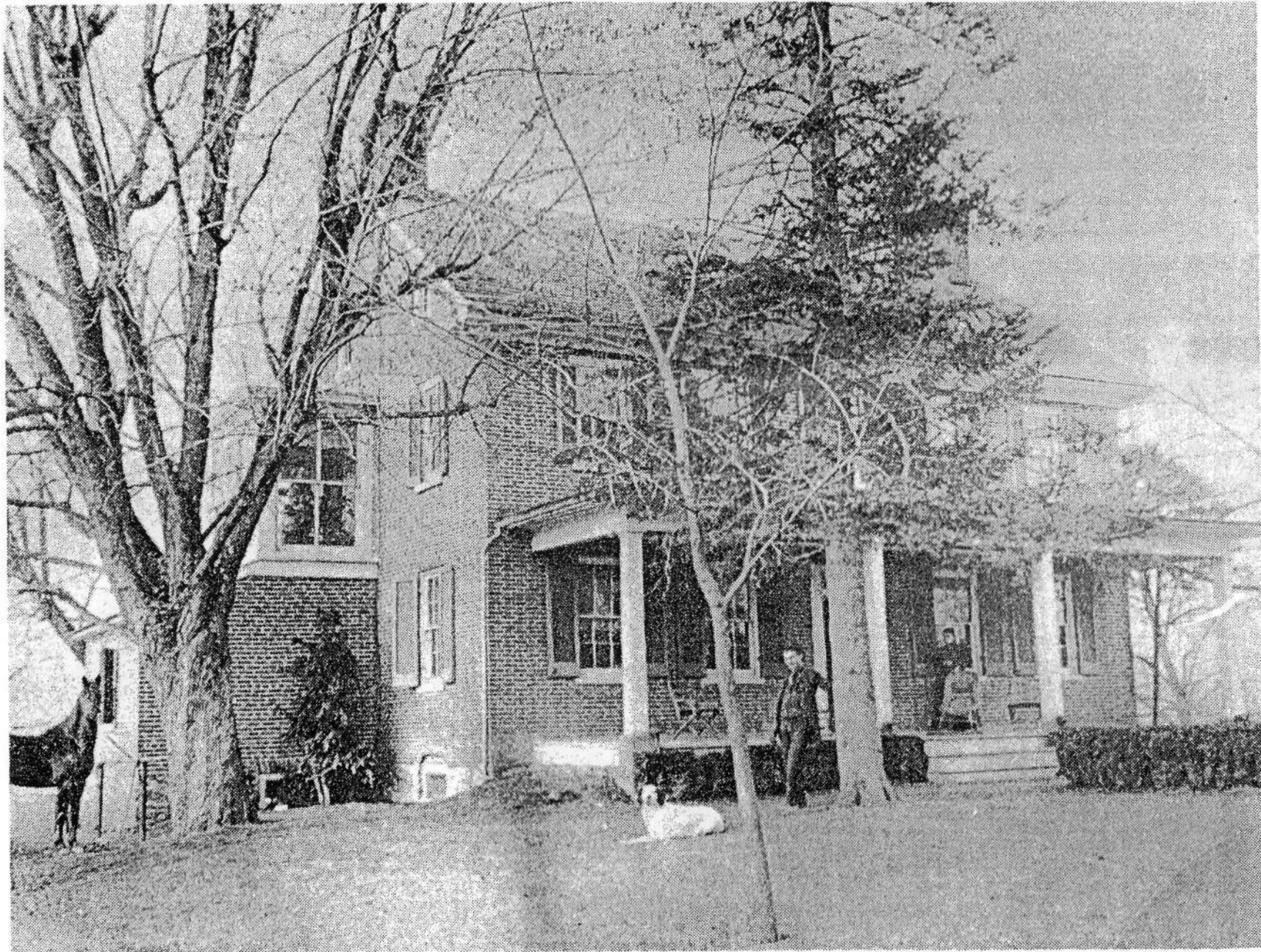
Location: 039° 34' 25.7" N 077° 09' 32.1" W

Carroll's Heritage

CARR-844 Linwood Homestead
Union Bridge, Carroll Co., MD
Carroll's Heritage, Joe Getty, frontispiece.



Haines Homestead, Near Linwood. Built by William Haines, 1804. (HSCC)



CARR-844 Linwood Homestead
Union Bridge, Carroll Co., MD
Legacy of the Land, Carol Lee, P. 4

The Haines family home, Linwood Homestead, built in 1804.



CARR-844

Linwood Homestead

Carroll Co. MD

Merry Stinson 5/03

MD SHPO

N. & W. elevs.

1/12



CARR-844
Linwood Hanstead
Carroll Co. MD
Merry Stinson 5/03
MD SHPO
N. elev.

2/12



CARR-844
Linwood Homestead
Carroll Co. MD
Merry Stinson 5/03
MD SHPO
E. elev.

3/12



CARR-844
Linwood Homestead
Carroll Co. MD
Merry Stinson 5/03
MD SHPO
Elev.

4/12



CARR-844
Linwood Homestead
Carroll Co. MD
Merry Stinson 5/03
MD SHPD
ell: E. elev.
5/12



CARR-844

Linwood Homestead

Carroll Co. MD

Merry Stinson 5/03

MD SHPO

Southeast parlor

6/12



CARR-844

Linwood Homestead

Carroll Co. MD

Merry Stinson 5/03

MD SHPO

center: summer kitchen, w.

7/12



CARR-844
Linwood Hanstead
Carroll Co. MD
Merry Stinson 5/03
MD SHPO
barn: E. elev.

8/12

24"

24"

24"

24"

24"



CARR-844
Linwood Havestead
Carroll Co, MD
Merry Stinson 5/03
MD SHPO
barn, S. elev.
9/12

11/11/12



CARR-844
Linwood Hamstead
Carroll Co. MD
Merry Stinson 5/03
MD SHPO
barn, N. elev.

10/12



CARR-844
Linwood Hamstead
Carroll Co. MD
Merry Stinson 5/03
MD SHPO
chicken house, w. elev.

11/12



CARR-844
Linwood Homestead
Carroll Co. MD
Merry Stinson 5/03
MD SHPO
Spring house, N. & W. elev.
12/12

11/11
R. 0. 11/11

MD. HISTORICAL TRUST
BOX 1704
ANNAPOLIS, MD. 21404NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES
INVENTORY - NOMINATION FORM

(Type all entries - complete applicable sections)

N. R. FIELD SHEET

STATE: CARR-844	
COUNTY:	
FOR NPS USE ONLY	
ENTRY NUMBER	DATE

1. NAME	
COMMON: Linwood Homestead	
AND/OR HISTORIC: Haines-Linwood Homestead	

2. LOCATION	
STREET AND NUMBER: 110 Stem Road	
CITY OR TOWN: Union Town Linwood vic.	
STATE: MD.	COUNTY: Carroll

3. CLASSIFICATION			
CATEGORY (Check One)	OWNERSHIP	STATUS	ACCESSIBLE TO THE PUBLIC
District <input type="checkbox"/> Building <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Public <input type="checkbox"/> Private <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Both <input type="checkbox"/>	Public Acquisition: <input type="checkbox"/> In Process <input type="checkbox"/> Being Considered <input type="checkbox"/>	Occupied <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Unoccupied <input type="checkbox"/> Preservation work in progress <input type="checkbox"/>	Yes: <input type="checkbox"/> Restricted <input type="checkbox"/> Unrestricted <input type="checkbox"/> No: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
PRESENT USE (Check One or More as Appropriate)			
Agricultural <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Commercial <input type="checkbox"/> Educational <input type="checkbox"/> Entertainment <input type="checkbox"/>	Government <input type="checkbox"/> Industrial <input type="checkbox"/> Military <input type="checkbox"/> Museum <input type="checkbox"/>	Park <input type="checkbox"/> Private Residence <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Religious <input type="checkbox"/> Scientific <input type="checkbox"/>	Transportation <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Specify) <input type="checkbox"/>

4. OWNER OF PROPERTY	
OWNERS NAME: J. LEWIS HAINES	
STREET AND NUMBER: Linwood Homestead	
CITY OR TOWN: Linwood	STATE: MD.

5. LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION	
COURTHOUSE, REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC: Carroll City - Frederick Co	
STREET AND NUMBER:	
CITY OR TOWN: Westminster - Frederick	STATE: MD.
APPROXIMATE ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY:	

6. REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS	
TITLE OF SURVEY:	
DATE OF SURVEY: Federal <input type="checkbox"/> State <input type="checkbox"/> County <input type="checkbox"/> Local <input type="checkbox"/>	
DEPOSITORY FOR SURVEY RECORDS:	
STREET AND NUMBER:	
CITY OR TOWN:	STATE:

FOR NPS USE ONLY
ENTRY NUMBER
DATE

7. DESCRIPTION

CONDITION	(Check One)					
	Excellent <input type="checkbox"/>	Good <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Fair <input type="checkbox"/>	Deteriorated <input type="checkbox"/>	Ruins <input type="checkbox"/>	Unexposed <input type="checkbox"/>
INTEGRITY	(Check One)			(Check One)		
	Altered <input type="checkbox"/>	Unaltered <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Moved <input type="checkbox"/>	Original Site <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (If known) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The Inwood Homestead is five bays in length at its E elevation (front). The centered door is recessed with an overlight.

The house is of brick construction with the walls laid in Flemish bond. Windows are b/w with jack arches at the 1st. level & flat arches at the second. The roof is A frame with an interior chimney at ea. end. To the S. end is a shed roofed addition of one storey which houses the "new" kitchen. Directly above, on the center line, is a square bay of frame construction which, having elongated Victorian windows, appears to have been built after the main block was completed and served as a sun room or porch.

A portion of the house, running off from the W. wall (rear) of the main block, appears to be somewhat earlier and by its relation to the main block gives the total composition an ell. shape. This wing is not very distinct architecturally but is of some interest. It apparently was built in two parts, is of brick construction and possesses a small interior corner "porch" at its exposed NW corner with a recessed door. At the S. wall is an interior porch and an exposed boxed in

SEE INSTRUCTIONS

8. SIGNIFICANCE

PERIOD (Check One or More as Appropriate)

Pre-Columbian ☐16th Century ☐18th Century ☐20th Century ☐15th Century ☐17th Century ☐19th Century ☐

SPECIFIC DATE(S) (If Applicable and Known)

AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE (Check One or More as Appropriate)

Aboriginal ☐Education ☐Political ☐Urban Planning ☐Prehistoric ☐Engineering ☐

Religion/Phi-

Other (Specify) ☐Historic ☐Industry ☐losophy ☐Agriculture ☐Invention ☐Science ☐Art ☐Landscape ☐Sculpture ☐Commerce ☐Architecture ☐

Social/Human-

Communications ☐Literature ☐itarian ☐Conservation ☐Military ☐Theater ☐Music ☐Transportation ☐

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE (Include Personages, Dates, Events, Etc.)

stairs well. The "A" roof has an interior end chimney and another which is centered to the roof ridge the latter denoting the beginning of the 2nd. stage of construction. The extreme W. end of this addition may predate the remainder of the total wing composition (as well as the main block) or was originally built separately (the kitchen?). The A roof has a cat slide angle to the S. and has a random arrangement of odd sized windows.

The main block is said by the owners to have burned ca. 1800 and rebuilt ca. 1805.

Main block is in good condition while the rear wing is somewhat deteriorated.

Near the house, at the drive, is a brick end bank barn with hour glass vents and an exposed S. elevation cellar with tapered round stone columns.

SEE INSTRUCTIONS

9. MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

10. GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE COORDINATES DEFINING A RECTANGLE LOCATING THE PROPERTY				OR	LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE COORDINATES DEFINING THE CENTER POINT OF A PROPERTY OF LESS THAN ONE ACRE			
CORNER	LATITUDE				LONGITUDE			
	Degrees	Minutes	Seconds		Degrees	Minutes	Seconds	
NW	0	'	"		0	'	"	
NE	0	'	"		0	'	"	
SE	0	'	"		0	'	"	
SW	0	'	"		0	'	"	

LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES

STATE:	CODE	COUNTY	CODE
STATE:	CODE	COUNTY:	CODE
STATE:	CODE	COUNTY:	CODE
STATE:	CODE	COUNTY:	CODE

11. FORM PREPARED BY

NAME AND TITLE: <i>D. R. Livoie</i>		
ORGANIZATION: <i>NIH</i>	DATE: <i>11/70</i>	
STREET AND NUMBER:		
CITY OR TOWN:	STATE:	CODE:

12. STATE LIAISON OFFICER CERTIFICATION

NATIONAL REGISTER VERIFICATION

As the designated State Liaison Officer for the National Historic Preservation Act of 1966 (Public Law 89-665), I hereby nominate this property for inclusion in the National Register and certify that it has been evaluated according to the criteria and procedures set forth by the National Park Service. The recommended level of significance of this nomination is:

National ☐ State ☐ Local ☐

Name _____

Title _____

Date _____

I hereby certify that this property is included in the National Register.

Chief, Office of Archeology and Historic Preservation

Date _____

ATTEST:

Keeper of The National Register

Date _____

SEE INSTRUCTIONS



CARR-844
Also CARR-254
Corrected CARR-254
110 Stem Rd. 65 Stem Rd.

Union
Bridge
Quad
on
Carroll
County
Map